

BasicTrustRegion-tcg

June 16, 2020

1 Basic Trust Region Algorithm

```
[59]: using BenchmarkTools
      using LinearAlgebra
```

BasicTrustRegion will gather the constants of the method.

```
[61]: struct BasicTrustRegion{T <: Real}
      1:: T
      2:: T
      1:: T
      2:: T
end

function BTRDefaults()
    return BasicTrustRegion(0.01,0.9,0.5,0.5)
end

# We define a type to store the state at a given iteration.
mutable struct BTRState
    iter::Int
    x::Vector
    xcand::Vector
    g::Vector
    step::Vector
    Δ::Float64
    ::Float64

    tol::Float64

    trace
    keepTrace::Bool

    function BTRState()
        state = new()
        state.tol = 1e-6
        state.keepTrace = false
    end
end
```

```

        return state
    end
end

```

```

[62]: function acceptCandidate!(state::BTRState, b::BasicTrustRegion)
    # If the iteration is successful, update the iterate
    if (state. >= b. 1)
        return true
    else
        return false
    end
end
end

```

[62]: acceptCandidate! (generic function with 1 method)

```

[63]: function updateRadius!(state::BTRState, b::BasicTrustRegion)
    if (state. >= b. 2)
        stepnorm = norm(state.step)
        state.Δ = min(1e20,max(4*stepnorm,state.Δ))
    elseif (state. >= b. 1)
        state.Δ *= b. 2
    else
        state.Δ *= b. 1
    end
end
end

```

[63]: updateRadius! (generic function with 1 method)

1.1 Basic Trust Region Algorithm

```

[64]: function btr(f::Function, g!::Function, H!::Function, Step::Function,
    x0::Vector, state:: BTRState = BTRState(), ApproxH::Bool = false, verbose::
    →Bool = false)

    b = BTRDefaults()
    state.iter = 0
    state.x = x0
    n=length(x0)

    tol2 = state.tol*state.tol

    state.g = zeros(n)
    # A better initialization procedure should be used with quasi-Newton
    →approximations
    # We could rely on some preconditioner.
    H = zeros(n,n)+I

```

```

fx = f(x0)
g!(x0, state.g)
state.Δ = 0.1*norm(state.g) # 1.0

if (ApproxH)
    y = zeros(n)
    gcand = zeros(n)
    # H!(H, y, state.step)
else
    H!(x0, H)
end

nmax = 1000
if (state.keepTrace)
    state.trace= x0'
end

function model(s::Vector, g::Vector, H::Matrix)
    return dot(s, g)+0.5*dot(s, H*s)
end

while (dot(state.g,state.g) > tol2 && state.iter < nmax)
    # Compute the step by approximately minimize the model
    state.step = Step(state.g, H, state.Δ)
    state.xcand = state.x+state.step

    # Compute the actual reduction over the predicted reduction
    fcand = f(state.xcand)
    state. = (fcand-fx)/(model(state.step, state.g, H))

    if (ApproxH)
        g!(state.xcand, gcand)
        y = gcand-state.g
        sy = dot(state.step,y)
#         if (sy < 1e-6)
#             println(state.iter, ". ", state. , " ", state.Δ, " ",
↳norm(state.step), " ", (model(state.step, state.g, H)), " ", norm(y), " ",
↳sy, " ", norm(state.g))
#         end
        H = H!(H, y, state.step)
    end

    if (acceptCandidate!(state, b))
        state.x = copy(state.xcand)
        if (ApproxH == false)
            g!(state.x, state.g)
            H!(state.x, H)

```

```

        else
            state.g = copy(gcand)
        end
        fx = fcand
    end

    if (state.keepTrace)
        state.trace= [state.trace ; state.x']
    end

    updateRadius!(state, b)
    state.iter += 1
end

return state
end

```

[64]: btr (generic function with 4 methods)

```

[65]: function CauchyStep(g::Vector, H::Matrix, Δ::Float64)
    q = dot(g,H*g)
    normg = norm(g)
    if (q <= 0)
        = 1.0
    else
        = min((normg*normg*normg)/(q*Δ),1.0)
    end
    return - *g*Δ/normg
end

```

[65]: CauchyStep (generic function with 1 method)

```

[29]: function BFGSUpdate(B::Matrix, y::Vector, s::Vector)
    sy = dot(s,y)
    if (sy > 1e-8)
        Bs = B*s
        B = B - (Bs*Bs')/dot(s, Bs) + (y*y')/sy
    end
    return B
end

```

[29]: BFGSUpdate (generic function with 1 method)

1.2 Truncated Conjugate Gradient

```
[30]: function stopCG(normg::Float64, normg0::Float64, k::Int, kmax::Int, ::Float64,
    ↪= 0.1, ::Float64 = 0.5)
    if ((k == kmax) || (normg <= normg0*min(, normg0^)))
        return true
    else
        return false
    end
end
```

[30]: stopCG (generic function with 3 methods)

```
[66]: function TruncatedCG(g::Vector, H::Matrix, Δ::Float64)
    n = length(g)
    s = zeros(n)

    normg0 = norm(g)
    v = g
    d = -v
    gv = dot(g,v)
    norm2d = gv
    norm2s = 0
    sMd = 0
    k = 0
    Δ2 = Δ*Δ

    while (stopCG(norm(g), normg0, k, n) == false)
        Hd = H*d
            = dot(d,Hd)

        # Is the curvature negative in the direction d?
        if ( <= 0)
            if (k == 0)
                s = d/norm(d)*Δ
            else
                = (-sMd+sqrt(sMd*sMd+norm2d*(Δ2-dot(s,s))))/norm2d
            s += *d
            end
            break
        end

        = gv/

        # Check is the model minimizer is outside the trust region
        norm2s += *(2*sMd+ *norm2d)
        if (norm2s >= Δ2)
```

```

        if (k == 0)
            s = d/norm(d)*Δ
        else
            = (-sMd+sqrt(sMd*sMd+norm2d*(Δ2-dot(s,s))))/norm2d
            s += *d
        end
        break
    end

    # The model minimizer is inside the trust region
    s += *d
    g += *Hd
    v = g
    newgv = dot(g,v)
            = newgv/gv
    gv = newgv
    d = -v+ *d

    sMd = *(sMd+ *norm2d)
    norm2d = gv+ * *norm2d

    k += 1;
end

return s
end

```

[66]: TruncatedCG (generic function with 1 method)

1.3 Example

```

[67]: function rosenbrock(x::Vector)
        return (1.0 - x[1])^2 + 100.0 * (x[2] - x[1]^2)^2
    end

function rosenbrock_gradient!(x::Vector, storage::Vector)
    storage[1] = -2.0 * (1.0 - x[1]) - 400.0 * (x[2] - x[1]^2) * x[1]
    storage[2] = 200.0 * (x[2] - x[1]^2)
end

function rosenbrock_hessian!(x::Vector, storage::Matrix)
    storage[1, 1] = 2.0 - 400.0 * x[2] + 1200.0 * x[1]^2
    storage[1, 2] = -400.0 * x[1]
    storage[2, 1] = -400.0 * x[1]
    storage[2, 2] = 200.0
end

```

[67]: rosenbrock_hessian! (generic function with 1 method)

```
[68]: defaultState = BTRState()
```

[68]: BTRState(295869840, #undef, #undef, #undef, #undef, 3.404534667e-315, 1.461753134e-315, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)

```
[69]: defaultState.tol
```

[69]: 1.0e-6

```
[35]: state = btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, rosenbrock_hessian!, CauchyStep,
↳ [0,0])
```

[35]: BTRState(778, [0.9999990671653469, 0.9999981306218827], [0.9999990671653469, 0.9999981306218827], [-3.817981544068388e-7, -7.419362679783603e-7], [-5.970170605448271e-8, 3.0722752931776427e-8], 0.5578315950889445, 1.0000000474084514, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)

```
[70]: state = btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, rosenbrock_hessian!, TruncatedCG,
↳ [0,0])
```

[70]: BTRState(20, [0.999999999717916, 0.999999999083069], [0.999999999717916, 0.999999999083069], [1.4054073682203108e-8, -7.055245276887945e-9], [5.939376790494293e-6, 1.1902429996984944e-5], 0.31807381938434265, 1.0000047382691175, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)

```
[71]: defaultState.tol = 1e-4
```

[71]: 0.0001

```
[72]: state = btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, rosenbrock_hessian!, CauchyStep,
↳ [0,0], defaultState)
```

[72]: BTRState(772, [0.9999574528409513, 0.9999147382962227], [0.9999574528409513, 0.9999147382962227], [-1.7418821383525582e-5, -3.3839188118278685e-5], [-2.648300225813218e-6, 1.364048575608009e-6], 0.5578315950889445, 1.0000021026865589, 0.0001, #undef, false)

```
[73]: state = btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, rosenbrock_hessian!, TruncatedCG,
↳ [0,0], defaultState)
```

[73]: BTRState(19, [0.9999940605950011, 0.99998809747831], [0.9999940605950011, 0.99998809747831], [-2.3800789251098873e-6, -4.7493937449516466e-6], [-1.8479138998099901e-6, 9.280457471001435e-7], 0.31807381938434265, 1.0000014746706374, 0.0001, #undef, false)

```
[74]: @benchmark btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, rosenbrock_hessian!,  
↳CauchyStep, [0,0], defaultState)
```

```
[74]: BenchmarkTools.Trial:  
  memory estimate: 796.47 KiB  
  allocs estimate: 20844  
  -----  
  minimum time:      2.768 ms (0.00% GC)  
  median time:       3.686 ms (0.00% GC)  
  mean time:         3.861 ms (1.27% GC)  
  maximum time:     13.449 ms (27.32% GC)  
  -----  
  samples:           1293  
  evals/sample:      1
```

```
[75]: @benchmark btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, rosenbrock_hessian!,  
↳TruncatedCG, [0,0], defaultState)
```

```
[75]: BenchmarkTools.Trial:  
  memory estimate: 34.47 KiB  
  allocs estimate: 633  
  -----  
  minimum time:      75.699 s (0.00% GC)  
  median time:       99.050 s (0.00% GC)  
  mean time:         107.139 s (1.99% GC)  
  maximum time:      3.850 ms (94.58% GC)  
  -----  
  samples:           10000  
  evals/sample:      1
```

```
[76]: state = btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, BFGSUpdate, TruncatedCG, [0,0],  
↳defaultState, true)
```

```
[76]: BTRState(24, [0.9999994477848443, 0.9999986767618864], [0.9999994477848443,  
0.9999986767618864], [8.641876423233189e-5, -4.376162143771012e-5],  
[0.0001536090193170501, 0.00030842583564268263], 0.2061077379303815,  
1.0045406013896907, 0.0001, #undef, false)
```

```
[43]: @benchmark btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, BFGSUpdate, TruncatedCG,  
↳[0,0], defaultState, true)
```

```
[43]: BenchmarkTools.Trial:  
  memory estimate: 71.97 KiB  
  allocs estimate: 1211  
  -----  
  minimum time:      184.801 s (0.00% GC)  
  median time:       399.700 s (0.00% GC)
```



```

mean time:      479.100 s (1.73% GC)
maximum time:   7.151 ms (94.42% GC)
-----
samples:        10000
evals/sample:   1

```

```
[44]: state = btr(rosenbrock, rosenbrock_gradient!, BFGSUpdate, CauchyStep, [0,0],
↳defaultState, true)
```

```
[44]: BTRState(1000, [0.998549498254876, 0.9970979699362131], [0.998549498254876,
0.9970979699362131], [-0.0016506082846362746, -0.0006261057703182971],
[-1.2580477845551202e-6, 3.3157624308423403e-6], 0.11966392415732387,
0.9999223175223164, 0.0001, #undef, false)
```

“Trust-Region Methods”, Introduction

$$f(x, y) = -10x^2 + 10y^2 + 4\sin(xy) - 2x + x^4$$

```
[77]: using ForwardDiff
defaultState.tol = 1e-6
```

```
[77]: 1.0e-6
```

```
[78]: f(x::Vector) = -10*x[1]^2+10*x[2]^2+4*sin(x[1]*x[2])-2*x[1]+x[1]^4
```

```
[78]: f (generic function with 1 method)
```

```
[47]: g = x -> ForwardDiff.gradient(f, x);
H = x -> ForwardDiff.hessian(f, x)

function g!(x::Vector, storage::Vector)
    s = g(x)
    storage[1:length(s)] = s[1:length(s)]
end
```

```
[47]: g! (generic function with 1 method)
```

```
[79]: function H!(x::Vector, storage::Matrix)
    s = H(x)
    n, m = size(s)
    storage[1:n,1:m] = s[1:length(s)]
end
```

```
[79]: H! (generic function with 1 method)
```

```
[80]: state = btr(f, g!, H!, CauchyStep, [0,0])
```

```
[80]: BTRState(10, [2.306630127652979, -0.3323086483268177], [2.306630127652979, -0.3323086483268177], [-1.9235244508308824e-9, 1.4039548190680762e-8], [-2.6188011584984253e-8, -3.5879612974955863e-9], 0.9876566190586658, 1.3810396868170254, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)
```

```
[81]: state = btr(f, g!, H!, TruncatedCG, [0,0])
```

```
[81]: BTRState(9, [2.306630127704536, -0.3323086487344874], [2.306630127704536, -0.3323086487344874], [4.522604513113038e-11, -9.29194499121877e-11], [2.6931294018039604e-7, -2.159080370597743e-6], 0.9876566190586676, 1.0000768267343858, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)
```

```
[82]: state = btr(f, g!, BFGSUpdate, CauchyStep, [0,0], BTRState(), true)
```

```
[82]: BTRState(15, [2.3066301409821888, -0.3323086308230537], [2.3066301409821888, -0.3323086308230537], [5.99808672063773e-7, 6.325624042347044e-7], [1.2207055456836203e-6, 3.2358698696715524e-8], 0.13856970761632884, 0.9885297883047421, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)
```

```
[83]: state = btr(f, g!, BFGSUpdate, TruncatedCG, [0,0], BTRState(), true)
```

```
[83]: BTRState(16, [2.3066301277215193, -0.33230864871689997], [2.3066301277215193, -0.33230864871689997], [8.083631541921932e-10, 5.312683626357284e-10], [3.069381018283615e-8, -9.583908845702118e-7], 0.4040086781927015, 1.000152209177207, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)
```

```
[84]: f([2.30663, -0.332309])
```

```
[84]: -31.18073338518543
```

```
[85]: state = btr(f, g!, H!, TruncatedCG, [-2.0,-2.0], BTRState())
```

```
[85]: BTRState(9, [-2.2102195200834442, 0.32974845699582234], [-2.2102195200834442, 0.32974845699582234], [-2.2014745582055184e-10, 6.418865439172805e-12], [2.881632201245532e-6, 8.295428793163734e-8], 0.577574285844766, 0.9999275749910249, 1.0e-6, #undef, false)
```

```
[86]: f([-2.21022, 0.329748])
```

```
[86]: -22.14296062774464
```

```
[87]: st = BTRState()  
st.keepTrace = true
```

```
[87]: true
```

```
[88]: state = btr(f, g!, BFGSUpdate, TruncatedCG, [-2.0,-2.0], st, true)
```

```
[88]: BTRState(14, [-2.2102195206812754, 0.32974846415116205], [-2.2102195206812754,
0.32974846415116205], [-1.6023882665194833e-8, 2.356066515218913e-7],
[-6.440813821117127e-9, 7.637090673254499e-8], 0.030643901905232692,
0.9336201299343765, 1.0e-6, [-2.0 -2.0; -2.0 -2.0; ... ; -2.2102195142404617
0.32974838778025534; -2.2102195206812754 0.32974846415116205], true)
```

```
[89]: st.trace
```

```
[89]: 15×2 Array{Float64,2}:
-2.0      -2.0
-2.0      -2.0
-2.1974   -0.183741
-2.1974   -0.183741
-2.1974   -0.183741
-2.43193   0.597025
-2.08508   0.244409
-2.19216   0.304055
-2.20917   0.340282
-2.21238   0.328408
-2.20988   0.329765
-2.21022   0.329742
-2.21022   0.329749
-2.21022   0.329748
-2.21022   0.329748
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]:
```